Integrated Population and Health Information Platform -Ghana and China

This partnership helped create an integrated Population and Health Information Platform to boost maternal and child health in Ghana. It included capacity development on demographic data collection, application, research and training on statistical and population projection software.

Issue

Despite progress in data collection, processing and utilisation, there were still critical gaps in the civil registration of Ghana. While the registration of every birth and death was done in real time, only 64 per cent births and 20 per cent of deaths had been recorded. This could be attributed to the difficulty accessing hard-to-reach rural areas where many births and deaths not registered, among other reasons. The goal is to achieve universal birth and death registration coverage in the entire country.

Towards a Solution

Cooperation between Ghana and China, with support from UNFPA, started in 2014 and was aimed at demographic data collection, application, research and training on statistical
and various population projection methods. Learning and exchange visits between professionals from the National Population Council (NPC) of Ghana and experts from the China Population and Development Research Center (CPDRC) were carried out. A series of training sessions was conducted that included learning on the innovative tool developed by CPDRC – the population projection software (PADIS-INT) - which could be adapted for broad application to situations in developing countries like Ghana.

This relationship is ultimately expected to help Ghana build an Integrated Population and Health Information Platform. This platform will support Ghana in collecting high-quality disaggregated MCH data, developing evidence-based MCH programmes, improving the accessibility and suitability of MCH services, and thereby improving the status of women and children in Ghana in terms of health, economy, and gender equality. Work on this is still in progress supported by this ongoing South-South relationship.

Results

Meetings and consultations among key partners of the initiative comprised of relevant institutions in Ghana, CPDRC and UNFPA resulted in a mutual understanding of the objectives, activities, outputs and desired outcomes of the collaboration.

The learning visit to China resulted in an increased interest and capacity development of national institutions in Ghana on the utilisation of population and health information data for development planning and MCH programming. A well-designed plan is now in place, with a phased approach, and is scheduled for completion and full operation by 2024.

Lessons Learned

This continuing relationship that has great likelihood for success was built with the following considerations:

• Identify collaborating institutions that have complementarity of activities.
• Initiate programme after all relevant stakeholder institutions are satisfied and have agreed to formalities.
• Design programme that provides opportunity for exchange of visits and learning.
• Address some development problems through South-South cooperation, even with countries outside the region. China is a potential partner due to its interest in South-South cooperation.

Partners

National Population Council, Ghana
China Population and Development Research Center, China
UNFPA Ghana

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This good practice was given a special mention, as a pioneering inter-regional partnership between a Western African country and China, in the 2018 UNFPA internal good practice competition on South-South cooperation.